

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II

**AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Board of Directors
Town of Babylon L.D. Corporation II
North Babylon, New York

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Town of Babylon L.D. Corporation II (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the Town of Babylon, New York, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Corporation's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Corporation, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of indebtedness - conduit debt is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of indebtedness-conduit debt is the responsibility of management and has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reports dated March 30, 2017, on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Arthur, Vigor, Zick & Conroy P.C.

Hauppauge, New York
March 30, 2017

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Management's Discussion and Analysis

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2016 and 2015

This section presents management's analysis of the Town of Babylon L.D. Corporation II (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the Town of Babylon, New York (the "Town") financial condition and activity for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. Please read this information in conjunction with the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Corporation exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2016 by \$27,796 (net position). This unrestricted net position represents the portion available to maintain the Corporation's continuing obligations. The Corporation's total net position decreased by \$12,693 (or 31%) in 2016.
- The assets of the Corporation exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2015 by \$40,489 (net position). This unrestricted net position represents the portion available to maintain the Corporation's continuing obligations. The Corporation's total net position decreased by \$11,400 (or 22%) in 2015.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements and supplementary information. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the Corporation's financial condition and performance. Summary financial statements data, key financial and operational indicators used in the Corporation's strategic plan, operating plan, bond covenants and other management tools were used for this analysis.

The financial statements report information about the Corporation, which follows enterprise-type fund reporting. The Corporation applies full accrual accounting methods as used by similar business activities in the private sector. The statements offer short and long-term financial information.

The financial statements include statements of net position, statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, statements of cash flows and notes to the financial statements. The statements of net position include all of the Corporation's assets and liabilities.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the results of the Corporation's activities over the course of the year and information as to how the net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. These statements also provide information about whether the Corporation has successfully recovered its costs through its user fees and other charges, profitability and credit worthiness.

The statements of cash flows present changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operating and other activities.

The notes to the financial statements provide required disclosures and other information that is essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the Corporation's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any.

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2016 and 2015

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CORPORATION

One of the most important objectives of the financial analysis is to determine if the Corporation, as a whole, is better or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The statements of net position and the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position provide useful information in this regard. The statements report the net position of the Corporation and changes in these net positions.

The amount of net position, the difference between total assets and liabilities, is a significant measure of the financial health or financial position of the Corporation.

Over time, increases or decreases in the Corporation's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors, such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, zoning, and new government legislation or changes to existing government legislation should be considered in evaluating the financial condition of the Corporation.

The following condensed financial statements and other selected information serve as the financial data and indicators for management's monitoring and planning.

Net Position

A summary of the Corporation's condensed statements of net position at December 31st is presented as follows:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 27,796	\$ 40,489	\$ 51,889
Total Assets	<u>27,796</u>	<u>40,489</u>	<u>51,889</u>
Liabilities			
Current and other liabilities	-0-	-0-	-0-
Total Liabilities	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>
Net Position			
Unrestricted	<u>27,796</u>	<u>40,489</u>	<u>51,889</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 27,796</u>	<u>\$ 40,489</u>	<u>\$ 51,889</u>

Total assets as of December 31, 2016 were \$27,796 which comprised of cash of \$16,181 and an amount due from a related party of \$11,615, due to professional fee expenses paid on behalf of Wyandanch Rising, Inc. Total assets exceeded liabilities by \$27,796 (net position). Net position is comprised of unrestricted net position in the amount of \$27,796, which is available to support operations. There were no liabilities at December 31, 2016.

Total assets as of December 31, 2015 were \$40,489 which comprised of cash of \$36,124 and an amount due from a related party of \$4,365, due to professional fee expenses paid on behalf of for Wyandanch Rising, Inc. Total assets exceeded liabilities by \$40,489 (net position). Net position is comprised of unrestricted net position in the amount of \$40,489, which is available to support operations. There were no liabilities at December 31, 2015.

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2016 and 2015

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CORPORATION (continued)

Operating Results

The Corporation's condensed statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position at December 31st, are presented as follows:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 5,000	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Total Operating Revenues	<u>5,000</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>
Operating Expenses			
Contractual goods and services	<u>17,765</u>	<u>11,543</u>	<u>14,250</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>17,765</u>	<u>11,543</u>	<u>14,250</u>
Operating Loss	<u>(12,765)</u>	<u>(11,543)</u>	<u>(14,250)</u>
Non-Operating Income	<u>72</u>	<u>143</u>	<u>248</u>
Change in Net Position	(12,693)	(11,400)	(14,002)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	<u>40,489</u>	<u>51,889</u>	<u>65,891</u>
Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$ 27,796</u>	<u>\$ 40,489</u>	<u>\$ 51,889</u>

The Corporation had \$5,000 in operating revenues in 2016. The Corporation's expenses were \$17,765 in 2016. This is primarily due to professional fees and rent expense.

The Corporation had no operating revenues in 2015. The Corporation's expenses were \$11,543 in 2015. This is primarily due to professional fees and rent expense.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S PLAN

The Corporation was formed to relieve and reduce unemployment, to maintain job opportunities and to create better paid job opportunities, to instruct or train individuals to improve or to develop their capabilities for jobs; to carry on scientific research for the purpose of aiding the community or geographical area by attracting industry to the community, or by encouraging the development of or retention of an industry in the community; to lessen the burden of government; and to act in the public interest. The public objective of each and every of the purposes enumerated above is to promote the general and public welfare of the townspeople.

The Corporation plans to continue and expand its assistance to businesses, not-for-profits, and affordable housing developers in the Town of Babylon by providing federally tax-exempt and taxable revenue bonds.

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2016 and 2015

CONTACTING THE CORPORATION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our readers with a general overview of the Corporation's finances and to show the Corporation's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town of Babylon L.D. Corporation II at 816 Deer Park Avenue, North Babylon, NY 11703, Idc@townofbabylon.com or call (631) 442-2900.

**BASIC FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS**

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2016 and 2015

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$ 16,181	\$ 36,124
Due from related party	<u>11,615</u>	<u>4,365</u>
Total Assets	<u>27,796</u>	<u>40,489</u>
 LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>-0-</u>	<u>-0-</u>
 NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	<u>27,796</u>	<u>40,489</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 27,796</u>	<u>\$ 40,489</u>

See notes to the financial statements.

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services	\$ 5,000	\$ -0-
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Professional fees	14,750	7,000
Rent	1,000	800
Donations	2,000	3,725
Office expense	15	18
Total Operating Expenses	<u>17,765</u>	<u>11,543</u>
Loss from Operations	<u>(12,765)</u>	<u>(11,543)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES:		
Interest income	72	143
Total Non-Operating Revenues	<u>72</u>	<u>143</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>(12,693)</u>	<u>(11,400)</u>
Net Position at Beginning of Year	<u>40,489</u>	<u>51,889</u>
Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$ 27,796</u>	<u>\$ 40,489</u>

See notes to the financial statements.

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers, clients	\$ 5,000	\$ -0-
Cash payments for contractual expenses	(25,015)	(15,108)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(20,015)	(15,108)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	72	143
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	72	143
Net Decrease in Cash	(19,943)	(14,965)
Cash at Beginning of Year	36,124	51,089
Cash at End of Year	\$ 16,181	\$ 36,124
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATING TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Loss from operations	\$ (12,765)	\$ (11,543)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in assets		
Due from related party	(7,250)	(4,365)
Prepaid expenses	-0-	800
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ (20,015)	\$ (15,108)

See notes to the financial statements.

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Town of Babylon L.D. Corporation II (the "Corporation"), was created as a New York State not-for-profit public benefit corporation. The Corporation was established on August 18, 1988 pursuant to Section 1411 of the not-for-profit corporation law as defined in section 102(a)(5). The Board of Directors have complete responsibility for approval and adoption of policies of the Corporation and accountability for fiscal matters. The Board of Directors appoints the Executive Director of the Corporation who is the Chief Executive Officer. The Corporation is a government instrumental tax-exempt corporation that was created to promote the economic welfare, recreation opportunities and prosperity of the inhabitants of the Town of Babylon. The Corporation provides companies with federally tax-exempt and taxable revenue bonds as incentives.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity includes all functions and activities over which the appointed officials exercise responsibility. No other governmental organization has been included or excluded from the reporting entity. The governing body of the Town of Babylon appoints the Corporation's Board of Directors which results in interdependency with the Town of Babylon. Accordingly, the Corporation has been determined to be a discretely presented component unit of the Town of Babylon.

Measurement Focus / Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The Corporation uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, liabilities, and resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

The financial statements include statements of net position, statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and statements of cash flows.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting the statements of cash flows, the Corporation considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity when purchased of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Corporation did not have any cash equivalents. The statements of cash flows presented use the direct method.

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Net Position Classification

In the financial statements, equity is classified as net position, and can be displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets; Consists of capital assets including, restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position; Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position; all other categories of net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Corporation's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Corporation has unrestricted net position.

Revenue Recognition

The Corporation's primary source of operating revenue is from bond issuances fees, which are computed according to the Corporation's administrative fee schedule for bonds (tax-exempt and taxable). Fees are recorded as income, when earned, at the time of closing, unless otherwise specified.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Corporation has adopted all of the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") that are applicable for the year ended December 31, 2016. The GASB Statements that were adopted in the current year did not have a significant impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Cash

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, cash consists of funds deposited in interest bearing accounts.

The Corporation's investments are governed by a formal investment policy. The Corporation's monies must be deposited in Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") insured commercial banks or trust companies located within New York State. The Corporation is authorized to use certificates of deposit, and money market deposit accounts. Permissible investments include certificates of deposits, obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of New York, repurchase agreements, and obligations of agencies of the federal government where principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States.

Collateral is required for demand deposits and time deposits accounts at certain percentage of all deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral include obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts. The Corporation's collateral agreements are based on the Corporation's available cash balance. At the current time, the Corporation cash position does not exceed FDIC limits.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits/Investments – Custodial credit risk for deposits exists when, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Corporation may be unable to recover deposits, or recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside agency. Custodial credit risk for investments exists when, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

Deposits are required to be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance, and the deposits are either:

- Uncollateralized,
- Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Corporation's name.

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Corporation's cash was insured by the FDIC.

3. Due from Related Party

The Corporation's amounts due from related party comprised of professional fee expenses paid on behalf of Wyandanch Rising, Inc., a related party of the Corporation. During the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Corporation's due from related party totaled \$11,615 and \$4,365, respectively. The Corporation expects the outstanding amount will be repaid during the year ended December 31, 2017.

4. Revenues

The Corporation collects revenue per the fee guidelines as follows:

- a) A one-time non-refundable fee of \$1,500 for all bond issues per application.
- b) Public hearing notice fee related to newspaper publications.

TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. Revenues (continued)

c) Administrative fees are charged by the Corporation at closing as follows:

- $\frac{3}{4}$ of 1% of the bond project amount on the first \$15 million
- $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1% of the bond project amount between \$15 - \$25 million
- $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1% of the bond project amount between \$25 - \$35 million
- $\frac{1}{10}$ of the 1% of the bond project amount over \$35 million

Applicants pay the Corporation's bond counsel fees at closing to handle the bond transaction.

The Corporation had fee service income during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 in the amounts of \$5,000 and \$-0-, respectively.

6. Conduit Debt Obligations, Industrial Revenue Bonds and Note Transactions

The Corporation has at times, issued Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities and affordable housing deemed to be in the public interest.

The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the Corporation, the Town, nor any political subdivision thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, there were series of Revenue Bonds and Notes outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$23,629,000 and \$24,949,000 respectively.

7. Lease Commitments

The Corporation leases a board room from the counselor of the Corporation for the purposes of meetings and conducting business. The lease agreement expired in August 31, 2016 and was extended for one year through August 31, 2017. During the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, rent expense was \$1,000 and \$800, respectively. The lease commitment for the next eight months will be paid in equal monthly installments of \$84.

8. Litigation

The Corporation is subject to litigation in the ordinary conduct of its affairs. Management does not believe, however, that such litigation, individually or in the aggregate, is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Corporation.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF BABLYON L.D. CORPORATION II
SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS - CONDUIT DEBT
 December 31, 2016 and 2015

Issue Date	Company Name	LDC Project Code	Interest Rates	Original Amount	Balance as of 1/2016	Balance as of 12/2016	Maturity Date
12/13	Dominican Village, Inc.	056187AA5	3.55%	17,955,000	15,950,000	14,775,000	8/1/2026
12/13	Dominican Village, Inc.	056187AB3	5.00%	319,000	199,000	139,000	12/1/2018
12/15	Andpress Plaza Preservation, LP	47011518A	4.75%	8,800,000	8,800,000	8,715,000	1/1/2056
				<u>\$ 27,074,000</u>	<u>\$ 24,949,000</u>	<u>\$ 23,629,000</u>	
Issue Date	Company Name	LDC Project Code	Interest Rates	Original Amount	Balance as of 1/2015	Balance as of 12/2015	Maturity Date
12/13	Dominican Village, Inc.	056187AA5	3.55%	17,955,000	17,255,000	15,950,000	8/1/2026
12/13	Dominican Village, Inc.	056187AB3	5.00%	319,000	259,000	199,000	12/1/2018
12/15	Andpress Plaza Preservation, LP	47011518A	4.75%	8,800,000	-0-	8,800,000	1/1/2056
				<u>\$ 27,074,000</u>	<u>\$ 17,514,000</u>	<u>\$ 24,949,000</u>	

OTHER REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED UPON THE AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Board of Directors
Town of Babylon L.D. Corporation II
North Babylon, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Town of Babylon L.D. Corporation II (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the Town of Babylon, New York, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Corporation financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

PERSONAL SERVICE. TRUSTED ADVICE. 

ALBRECHT, VIGGIANO, ZURECK & COMPANY, P.C.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Albert Vignar, Zulu & Long P.C.

Hauppauge, New York
March 30, 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE
WITH TOWN OF BABYLON L.D. CORPORATION II INVESTMENT POLICY

Honorable Board of Directors
Town of Babylon L.D. Corporation II
North Babylon, New York

Report

We have examined the Town of Babylon L.D. Corporation II (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the Town of Babylon, New York, and compliance with the Corporation's investment policy during the period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the Corporation's compliance with those requirements.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Corporation's compliance based on our examination. Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Corporation's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Corporation's compliance with specified requirements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Corporation complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016.

Other Matters

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, audit committee, management of the Corporation, Authority Budget Office, and the New York State Comptroller's Office and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Albert Viggiano, Zureck & Company P.C.

Hauppauge, New York
March 30, 2017

PERSONAL SERVICE. TRUSTED ADVICE.

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